Dear Seventh Grade Families,
In Unit 10, students will work on the following seventh grade Common Core standards in Number System (NS) domain.

| 7.SP.5 | Understand that the probability of a chance event is a number between 0 and 1 that expresses <br> the likelihood of the event occurring. Larger numbers indicate greater likelihood. A probability <br> near 0 indicates an unlikely event, a probability around $1 / 2$ indicates an event that is neither <br> unlikely nor likely, and a probability near 1 indicates a likely event. |
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| 7.SP.6 | Approximate the probability of a chance event by collecting data on the chance process that <br> produces it and observing its long-run relative frequency, and predict the approximate relative <br> frequency given the probability. |
| 7.SP.7 | Develop a probability model and use it to find probabilities of events. Compare probabilities <br> from a model to observed frequencies; if the agreement is not good, explain possible sources of <br> the discrepancy. <br> a. $\quad$ Develop a uniform probability model by assigning equal probability to all outcomes, and use <br> the model to determine probabilities of events. <br> b. Develop a probability model by observing frequencies in data generated from a chance <br> process. |
| $7 . S P .8$ | Find probabilities of compound events using organized lists, tables, tree diagrams, and <br> simulation. <br> a.Understand that, just as with simple events, the probability of a compound event is the <br> fraction of outcomes in the sample space for which the compound event occurs. <br> b. Represent sample spaces for compound events using methods such as organized lists, tables <br> and tree diagrams. For an event described in everyday language (e.g., "rolling double <br> sixes"), identify the outcomes in the sample space which compose the event. <br> c. Design and use a simulation to generate frequencies for compound events. |

Unit 10 Concepts:

- Probability
- Compound Events
- Sample Spaces
- Experiments

Ask questions like these to help your seventh grader as a productive mathematical thinker:

- When is a list better than a table?
- How can you use the probability in each event to find the probability of a compound event?
- What is the difference between experimental and theoretical probability?


## Unit 10 Vocabulary:

- Probability
- Outcome
- Simple \& Compound Events
- Independent \& Dependent Events
- Theoretical Probability
- Experimental Probability
- Frequency
- Sample space
- Fundamental Counting Principle


## Need a review?

Have your student login to Swun Math to access lesson support videos.

